A Musafarkhana at Javagal.

(2). A Musafarkhana should be built at Javagal, as there is no Chattram or Musafarkhana whether at Javagal or at Halebéde on the road from Banawar to Belur.

Do at Kanakatti.

(3). A Musafarkhana should be built at Kanakatti midway on the road from Banawar to Huliyar.

A road from Javagal to Harnhalli.

(4). A road should be made from Javagal to Harnhalli direct. The want is felt very much by those who come from Belur, &c., as they have to go now *viâ* Banawar and Arsikere which is circuitous.

Dewan's reply.—All these are matters for the Local Fund Board to consider.

Subject No. 206.

Grant of bechirakh villages to the first applicant without sale.

Summary of discussion.—Bechirakh villages for cultivation should be given to the first applicant and not put up to sale by auction.

Dewan's reply.—When more than one person asks for village, it must be sold as a rule.

Subject No. 207.

Bandhs at Channarayapatna to be of stone.

Summary of discussion.—When the Channaraiyapatna tank discharges, the water flows over bandhs and destroys them Stone mounds should be substituted for earthen mounds.

Dewan's reply. The Deputy Commissioner will see to this

Subject No. 208.

Disposal of spare grazing in Amrut Mahal Kavals.

Summary of discussion.—The surplus grazing in an Amrut Mahal Kaval once grazed by the Government Cattle is given away sometimes free, sometimes for a nominal price to the subordinates of the Amrut Mahal Department. These servants make a great profit by subletting it to villagers in the neighbourhood at exorbitant rates. Raiyats who maintain large herds of cattle and are in need of grazing land are thus put to much trouble. Therefore when a Kaval is no longer required by the Amrut Mahal Department let that Department make it over to the Revenue Department; the latter may equitably distribute the grazing land among those who need it or some responsible Officer like the Amildar or the Deputy Amildar may be ordered to sell it by auction.

Dewan's reply.—Noted for consideration in due course. A re-distribution of Amrut Mahal Kavals is necessary.

Subject No. 209.

Earthwork and turfing to tanks to be undertaken out of Irrigation Cess.

Summary of discussion.—The villagers are compelled to do the earthwork and turfing to tanks brought up to standard. This entails great labor on the raiyats during cultivation season. These repairs should therefore be undertaken out of the Irrigation Cess merged in the Kandayam paid by the raiyats on lands below such tanks, and from sale proceeds of grass and fish. The hardship is all the greater when what is called "raising to standard" is effected by lowering the Kodi and thereby diminishing the storage capacity of the tank with the result that the water is not sufficient unles

the tank fills several times which is the case only in seasons of exceptional rain-fall.

Dewan's reply.—The Kodi is never lowered where the Bund is high and strong enough. The liability of Raiyats to maintain tanks when once put into thorough repair has been established by old standing orders passed by the Chief Commissioners of past days. Where raiyats repair the tanks, fish and grass will be their property.

Subject No. 210.

Abolition of Octroi at Channarayapatna.

Summary of discussion.—No Octroi duty is levied in Arkalgud and Holé-Narsipur where the trade is greater than at Channarayapatna. But it is collected at Channarayapatna. Thereby the trade of Channarayapatna is diverted to Holé-Narsipur and Arkalgud. The Octroi should therefore be abolished at Channarayapatna.

Dewan's reply.—Octroi is a Municipal tax on local consumption; and it is for the Municipality to do away with it if it chooses.

Subject No. 211.

Construction of Vimana to the Kesavadevaru temple at Belur.

Summary of discussion.—Year after year representations have been made for the re-construction of the Vimana of Kesavadevaru temple at Belur. It was promised that the work would be undertaken, but nothing has been done yet. Orders are therefore solicited on the subject.

Repairs to the temple at Belur.

(2) The temple of Kesavadevaru at Belur and its compound walls are out of order and water rushes in when it rains. Early orders for the necessary repairs should be issued.

Dewan's reply.—Under consideration. A Brahmin Engineer has to examine the buildings.

Subject No. 212.

Amildar at Belur to try cases under Breach of Contract Act.

Summary of discussion—The Amildar of Belur should be invested with power to try cases under the Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859.

Dewan's reply.—Yes, when the Amildar is a 2nd Class Magistrate. At present the Manjarabad Amildar has jurisdiction. The Deputy Commissioner says that cases under Act XIII of 1859 are few in the Belur Taluk.

Subject No. 213.

A branch from the Belur Bage-road to Alur Sante.

Summary of discussion—There is heavy traffic in grain with the Alur Sante along a foot path near the Jodi village of Gummanahalli on the Belur-Bage road. The want of a road is sadly felt both for carts and men through this jungle tract. This road should be opened.

Dewan's reply.—This is matter for the Local Fund Board.

Subject No. 214.

Hosur-Gonibede road.

Summary of discussion.—Mr. Graham Anderson (Coffee Planter and R. M. from the South Mysore Planters' Association) urged the early commencement of the Hossur-Gonibide road, which, he said, would open up and contribute to the development of a rich and extensive tract of country and promote the convenience of local Planters. The greatest